

Submission Number: EB-16-00390

Mathematics Derivations

Appendices

Solve the UMP with respect to I_{t-1} as,

$$\max_{I_{t-1}} U = U(TH_0 \cdots TH_T; Y_0 \cdots Y_T) \quad (1)$$

$$s.t. \quad \sum_{t=0}^T \frac{C_t^I + C_t^Y + w_t TUH_t}{(1+r)^t} = R \quad (2)$$

Construct a Lagrangian as,

$$L = U + \lambda(R - \Sigma(\cdot)) \quad (3)$$

Therefore the F.O.C is,

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial I_{t-1}} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial U}{\partial I_{t-1}}}_{\textcircled{1}} + \lambda \underbrace{\frac{\partial(R - \Sigma(\cdot))}{\partial I_{t-1}}}_{\textcircled{2}} \quad (4)$$

Then expand the R.H.S separately by $\textcircled{1}$ and $\textcircled{2}$. For $\textcircled{1}$ $\partial U/\partial I_{t-1}$,

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial I_{t-1}} = \frac{\partial U}{\partial TH_t} \frac{\partial TH_t}{\partial H_t} \frac{\partial H_t}{\partial I_{t-1}} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial TH_{t+1}} \frac{\partial TH_{t+1}}{\partial H_{t+1}} \frac{\partial H_{t+1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} + \cdots + \frac{\partial U}{\partial TH_T} \frac{\partial TH_T}{\partial H_T} \frac{\partial H_T}{\partial I_{t-1}} \quad (5)$$

Denote

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial TH_i} = U_{TH_i}; \quad \frac{\partial TH_i}{\partial H_i} = \phi'_i, \quad \text{where } i = t \cdots T \quad (6)$$

Then we have,

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial I_{t-1}} = U_{TH_t} \phi'_t \frac{\partial H_t}{\partial I_{t-1}} + U_{TH_{t+1}} \phi'_{t+1} \frac{\partial H_{t+1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} + \cdots + U_{TH_T} \phi'_T \frac{\partial H_T}{\partial I_{t-1}}. \quad (7)$$

As $H_t = (1 - \delta_{t-1}(I_{t-1}))H_{t-1} + pI_{t-1}$, we have

$$\frac{\partial H_t}{\partial I_{t-1}} = p - \frac{\partial \delta_{t-1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} H_{t-1},$$

and respectively, as $H_{t+1} = (1 - \delta_t(I_t))H_t + pI_t$, we derive $\partial H_{t+1}/\partial I_{t-1}$ as,

$$\frac{\partial H_{t+1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} = (1 - \delta_t)(p - \frac{\partial \delta_{t-1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} H_{t-1}),$$

and for $\partial H_{t+2}/\partial I_{t-1}$, we have,

$$\frac{\partial H_{t+2}}{\partial I_{t-1}} = (1 - \delta_{t+1}) \frac{\partial H_{t+1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} = (1 - \delta_{t+1})(1 - \delta_t)(p - \frac{\partial \delta_{t-1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} H_{t-1}).$$

Therefore, we have

$$\frac{\partial H_T}{\partial I_{t-1}} = (1 - \delta_{T-1}) \cdots (1 - \delta_{t+1})(1 - \delta_t) \left(p - \frac{\partial \delta_{t-1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} H_{t-1} \right).$$

Denote $\hat{\delta}_{t-1} = \frac{\partial \delta_{t-1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} H_{t-1}$, we get ① as,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial U}{\partial I_{t-1}} &= U_{TH_t} \phi'_t(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1}) \\ &+ U_{TH_{t+1}} \phi'_{t+1}(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t) \\ &+ U_{TH_{t+2}} \phi'_{t+2}(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t)(1 - \delta_{t+1}) \\ &+ \cdots \\ &+ U_{TH_T} \phi'_T(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t)(1 - \delta_{t+1}) \cdots (1 - \delta_{T-1}). \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

For ②, since $\frac{\partial R}{\partial I_{t-1}} = 0$,

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda \frac{\partial (R - \Sigma(\cdot))}{\partial I_{t-1}} &= -\lambda \frac{\partial \Sigma_0^T \frac{C_t^I + C_t^Y + w_t TUH_t}{(1+r)^t}}{\partial I_{t-1}} \\ &= -\lambda \left[\frac{\partial \frac{C_{t-1}^I}{(1+r)^{t-1}}}{\partial I_{t-1}} + \underbrace{\frac{\partial \Sigma_0^T \frac{w_t TUH_t}{(1+r)^t}}{\partial I_{t-1}}}_{\textcircled{3}} \right] \\ &= -\lambda \left[\frac{\pi_{t-1}^I}{(1+r)^{t-1}} + \textcircled{3} \right], \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

where denote $\pi_{t-1}^I = \partial C_{t-1}^I / \partial I_{t-1}$ the marginal cost of gross investment in period $t - 1$,

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} &= \frac{w_t}{(1+r)^t} \frac{\partial TUH_t}{\partial TH_t} \frac{\partial TH_t}{\partial H_t} \frac{\partial H_t}{\partial I_{t-1}} + \frac{w_{t+1}}{(1+r)^{t+1}} \frac{\partial TUH_{t+1}}{\partial TH_{t+1}} \frac{\partial TH_{t+1}}{\partial H_{t+1}} \frac{\partial H_{t+1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} + \\ &\cdots + \frac{w_T}{(1+r)^T} \frac{\partial TUH_T}{\partial TH_T} \frac{\partial TH_T}{\partial H_T} \frac{\partial H_T}{\partial I_{t-1}}. \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

By notation (6) and $\partial TUH_i / \partial TH_i = -1$ (since $TUH_t = \Omega - TH_t$), ② is simplified to be,

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda \frac{\partial (R - \Sigma(\cdot))}{\partial I_{t-1}} &= -\lambda \left\{ \frac{\pi_{t-1}^I}{(1+r)^{t-1}} \right. \\ &\quad - \frac{w_t}{(1+r)^t} \phi'_t(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1}) \\ &\quad - \frac{w_{t+1}}{(1+r)^{t+1}} \phi'_{t+1}(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t) \\ &\quad - \frac{w_{t+2}}{(1+r)^{t+2}} \phi'_{t+2}(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t)(1 - \delta_{t+1}) - \cdots \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{w_T}{(1+r)^T} \phi'_T(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t)(1 - \delta_{t+1}) \cdots (1 - \delta_{T-1}) \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

Hence, the F.O.C that $\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} = 0$ is,

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\pi_{t-1}^I}{(1+r)^{t-1}} &= \phi'_t \left[\frac{U_{THt}}{\lambda} + \frac{w_t}{(1+r)^t} \right] (p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1}) \\
&+ \phi'_{t+1} \left[\frac{U_{TH_{t+1}}}{\lambda} + \frac{w_{t+1}}{(1+r)^{t+1}} \right] (p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t) \\
&+ \dots \\
&+ \phi'_T \left[\frac{U_{TH_T}}{\lambda} + \frac{w_T}{(1+r)^T} \right] (p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})(1 - \delta_t)(1 - \delta_{t+1}) \dots (1 - \delta_{T-1}).
\end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

To derive discounted change of equilibrium net from δ from period $t - 1$ to period t ,

$$\frac{\pi_{t-1}^I}{(1+r)^{t-1}(1-\delta_t)} - \frac{\pi_t^I}{(1+r)^t} = \frac{\phi'_t(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1})}{(1-\delta_t)} \left[\frac{U_{THt}}{\lambda} + \frac{w_t}{(1+r)^t} \right], \tag{13}$$

by rearranging,

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi'_t(p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1}) \left[w_t + \frac{U_{THt}}{\lambda} (1+r)^t \right] &= \pi_{t-1}^I (1+r) - (1-\delta_t) \pi_t^I \\
&= \pi_{t-1}^I [r + (\delta_t - 1) \tilde{\pi}_{t-1} + \delta_t],
\end{aligned} \tag{14}$$

where $\tilde{\pi}_{t-1} = (\pi_t - \pi_{t-1})/\pi_{t-1}$. Assuming $\delta_t \tilde{\pi}_{t-1}^I \approx 0$,

$$\frac{\phi'_t}{\pi_{t-1}^I} \left[w_t + \frac{U_{THt}}{\lambda} (1+r)^t \right] = \frac{r - \tilde{\pi}_{t-1} + \delta_t}{p - \hat{\delta}_{t-1}} = \frac{r - \tilde{\pi}_{t-1} + \delta_t}{p - \frac{\partial \hat{\delta}_{t-1}}{\partial I_{t-1}} H_{t-1}}.$$

Hence we have equation (7) in the manuscript.